Flower, he Says, Will Be the Uncompromi tag Foe of Jobbery of Any Kind-Sheekan One of the Most Promising of the Young Leaders of Democracy-The Tamman Cry Pales and Misleading-Mornan's De morracy Precisely the Same as Flower's

Urica, Oct. 24.-Ex-United States Senator Prancis Kernan has been incapacitated from taking any part in the campaign on account of poor health. He will be 76 years old next Janpart. His mind is clear, and he is able to de soything that requires no walking or standing. His legs have given out and make lood motion, even for short distances, very difficult. He spends most of his time at home, and is a at reader. He keeps up his interest in puble affairs, and apparently is as well posted on politics as over. A reporter interviewed him to-day on the State campaign, and it is his first and only public utterance this fall.

What do you think of the Democratic State

Meket, Senator?" was asked.
"I am more than satisfied with it." was the "I have known Mr. Flower in a general my for many years, and intimately since h arst ran for Congress ten years ago. I believe him to be well qualified for the high office of Governor and ambitious to do his duty well. or his own sake and for the sake of the State. His recommendations can be condensed in one phrase: He will make an honest Governor. His scrupulous integrity in the past gives as-merance that he will be the uncompromising fee of jobbery of any kind. A shrewd judge of men, it is cortain that his appointments to office will be of the best character. It is idle to talk about Mr. Flower as Governor being mbarrient to any man or class of men. H is not that kind of a Democrat. I only regret hat my health will not permit me to make three or four speeches for Mr. Flower and the whole ticket.

'And Mr. Sheehan?" "I am not personally acquainted with Mr. Sheehan, but I am satisfied that he is a young man of honor and uncommon ability. Indeed. regard him as one of the most promising of the young leaders of the State Democracy I have looked into the charge that, by the dis position he made of a certain petition while Speaker, Mr. Sheehan discriminated against a hody of Roman Catholics and the clergy men. I am convinced that the charge is utteran had no alternative but the one he adopted. The rules were not of his own arbitrary construction, but were bequeathed to him

construction, but were bequeated to film by a previous Assombly. It strikes me that if Mr. Shechan had allowed the petition to have been read on presentation, in defiance of the rules, he would have been accused of showing favoritism to the clergy of his own religion. The petition had to take its course under the rules, and that is all there is to the charge. Ide not think it will have any effect among the voters whom the Republicans hoped it would influence. Yes, Shechan is a good man, and all his associates on the ticket are up to the highest mark."

Senator, what do you think of the Tammany Hall cry? Have you noticed that Mr. Fassett said in one of his speeches that he is not engaged in fighting the Democracy of Tilden, Seymour, Robinson, and Kernan?

"Yes," he replied, smiling: 'that will do very well for campaign oratory, I suppose. This Tammany cry is false and misleading, and is obviously uttered to divert public attention from the real issues at stake. I notice that our Republican friends do not state that the Tweed thlevery of twenty years ago would ever have been possible were it not for the cooperation with Tweed of a Legislature that was Republican in both branches. The Democrate reformed Tammany Hall at that time by turning the ras-als out It is recalled to me that immediately after the Tweed ring was broken. Tilden himself, and Horatio Seymour too became Sachems of Tammany Hall and helped to lift frout of the slough. The good effects of that Democratic fight for reform have never been lost. There is no comparison to be made between Tammany of the present day and that of Tweed's time. I believe that New York city is a problem himself, and Horatio Seymour too became sachem to Tammany and and helped to lift frout of the slough. The good effects of that Democratic fight for reform have never been lost. There is no comparison to be made between the common that the same and that of Tweed's time. I believe that the Backetine of Tammany Hall and helped to lift frout of the slought of the supplies of the S

NO FASSETT FOR THEM.

Beserters from the Heints Combine Over

The unholy alliance between Republicans and alleged Democrats in the annexed district received one of a series of hard knocks when it became known yesterday that Commissioner Heintz would be unable to deliver to the combine the support that he gained to the last election. Blue was the prevailing color in the Republican camp when copies of the following resolution were circulated:

We, the undersigned Democratic electors of the Twenty-fourth Assembly district who at the last election supported Louis. I lients for Commissioner or bires! Improvements, hereby publicly declare that we are absorbed yn new ling to be parties to the combination which has been formed between certain Democrate and the Republican party in the Twenty-fourth Assembly district. This combination has for one of its district in the combination of the property of the Democratic State ticket and the election of a Republican Assemblyman, and is calculated to injuriously affect the election of a Democratic President in 1802.

Heary A tumbicon, Vice-Chairman County Democracy General Committee.

George Byer, Secretary County Democracy General Committee.

Anthony McOwen, Treasurer County Democracy General Committee. the last election. Blue was the prevailing Anthony McOwen, Treasurer County Democracy Gen-

I Committee, afther, sichneider, 147th street and Third avenue, batus, beliet, 158th street, east of Third avenue, aftek & Kourke, 158th street and Third avenue, seeph P. Hennessy, 169th street, near Franklin av

sine.

John Bagre, 2,800 Third avenue.

John B. kirly Chairman County Democracy General
Committee Twenty-fourth Ward
Heary J. Ford, Treasurer County Democracy General
Committee Twenty-fourth ward.

Col. E. T. Wood, Morris Heights, and many others.

Col. E. T. Wood, Morris Heights, and many others.
Charles Hornum, a hitherto prominent Republican in the annexed district, has declared in favor of the Tammany candidates in the Twenty-fourth Assembly district.
The identify which is the official organ of the Republican Heintz-Breen combination in the annexed district, has adopted the Fassett facties of trying to hide the real issues of the campaign by drawing attention to alleged desartions from Tammany's ranks. Mr. John P. Duan, Secretary of the Tammany Hall General Committee, said yesterday that only two of the alleged deserters ever were members of the Tammany organization.

Campaign Expenses Four Years Ago.

Justice Stockler of the Fourth District Court as granted Assemblyman Gustav Menninger judgment for \$126.83 against ex-Alderman william Ficke, who is now in the Sheriff's Office at a salary of \$1,000. It appeared that Ficke, who was running for Alderman in the campaign of 1887, borrowed \$100 from Menninger but has only returned \$5. The money was used for campaign expenses. The judgment covers costs and interest.

sea of real estate column to-day.

A WAIL FROM THE UNEMPLOYED.

Piffy Thousand Men Without Work Mave to Account with Pints, Passett & Co. There are now 25,000 men in New York city's ranks of organized labor who are out of work. This is an unusual number. even for this season of the year. Taking into account the laborers who are not organized and in-cluding the rest of the State, the number of unemployed in this State at this time may be estimated at 50,000, and the fact is undeniable that every one of them would now be employed at remunerative wages if the promises of

Platt, Fassett & Co. had been kept and the World's Fair had been given to New York. It was in the building trades especially that the disappointment was most keenly felt. The winter months are always the hardest time of the year for men employed in these trades and it was a most gratifying announcement to them that the opposition of Platt. Fassett & Co. had been withdrawn, and that there was a prospect of remunerative work for a year and a half or two years. When, therefore, the news ame that Platt, Fassett & Co. had changed their minds and concluded to send the Fair to Chicago to boom the real estate of Platt's henchmen a wall of indignation went up from the thousands of workmen whose hopes were

thus destroyed. Now that the time has come for Platt. Passett & Co. to be brought to account for this heartless treatment of the working men of New York, the attitude of these 50,000 unemployed workmen bids fair to verify the predicsponsible for keeping the Fair away from New York would be snowed under by 100,000 majority. It is true that the unemployed men are told that there is plenty of work in Chicago, but they are mostly men of families. They represent about 150,000 mouths to be fed. They have homes here. They have not the means to get to Chicago. They were led to believe that they would have work here, and they are

that they would have work here, and they are not deceived by the attempt of Platt, Fassett & Co. to cover up their tracks and deny their responsibility for what they did.

When Mr. Depew estimated the loss in this matter to New York at \$300,000,000 he knew that a very large part of the sum was the wages of the workingmen to be employed in getting the Fair under way. There were building materials to be manufactured and brought to the city, there were buildings to be erected, there was work to be done by all sorts of artisans. It has been estimated that the loss of the Fair meant the loss of a least \$1,000 in wages to every workman employed in any

there was work to be done by all sorts of artisans. It has been estimated that the loss of the Fair meant the loss of at least \$1.000 in wages to every workman employed in any branch of the building trades in this city. Instead of receiving this handsome sum, these men are now out of employment, and it is no consolation for them to hear Mr. Fas ett say that the star of empire had gone westward. In this particular instance it was Platt. Fassett & Co. that helped the star of empire to go westward so as to help Senators Vedder and Erwin in speculation in Chicago real estate and to suit Mr. Platt's political friends. The present prospect is that the unemployed workmen of New York will indicate to Platt. Fassett & Co. that they may as well follow their pet star of empire, as there is no particular love for them among the workmen of this State.

It must be remembered that the offended and unemployed workmen who have suffered from the treachery or Platt. Fassett & Co. are scattered over the State, especially in the river counties, where 10,000 unemployed brickmakers have an account to settle. It cannot be denied that Mr. Platt's hand was seen in the preliminary work in this city in the treatment of World's Fair legislation at Albany, and in the final work at Washington, where Mr. Flower stood almost alone among the representatives of this State to oppose the conspirators, and to testify to the benefit which the Fair would be to the workingmen of New York. No one thought of the political complexion of the committee to get up the Fair until Platt introduced this feature in the contest, and many of the members were not distinctively identified with any political party; but when Senator Fassett got hold of the bill in Albany and found that Mr. Platt's name was not in it, he did Mr. Platt's work by keeping the bill back. Here is the evidence, as supplied by W. E. D. Stokes, the Secretary of Mayor Hewitt's committee, and it shows who were the men that were the friends as well as who were the enemies of the workingmen in New

were the friends as well as who were the enemies of the workingmen in New York. Mr. Blokes said:

"Gov. Hill, when I went to him, said: This bill comes from a committee of such representative business men in the city of New York that I feel assured it is all right. The Fair will be of untold benefit to this State, and to every man in it. There should not be a day's delay. The Senate and Assembly should suspend the rules to pass it. I will read it now, so as to be prepared when it comes before me. I hope it may become a law to-day.

"I met Senator Fassett. He took the bill and fixed his eye at once on the fourth section, containing the names of the incorporators. He saw that Platt's names had not been included.

"How did this bill get here without my knowing of it. I cannot understand it. Have you no letter for me from Mr. Platt or Mr. Depew?"

"A consultation of Senator Fassett with Senators Erwin, Vedder, and Coggesinali followed. And Senator Fassett continued: I am favorably inclined to the bill. It looks all right, but why is this undue haste. A few minutes later a Republican Senator informed me that Mr. Platt by telegram, had ordered the bill to be held. The bill was left in committee and ordered for a third reading on the 20th, and then met Mr. Platt's political amendment and a month of impediments.

"At that time Senator Fassett and Assemblyman Husted had this telegram from Congressmen Flower and Belden from Washington:

"As members of the World's Fair Committee, and in behalf of New York's Congressional delegation, for whom we are authorized to speak, we deem it our duty to inform the New York Legislature, through you, that delayed action on their part imperils New York's chances and for this reason we beg for immediate action."

The present effort of Platt Fassett & Co. to evade the responsibility for their work by silly charges against Tammany Hall is sufficiently answered by Mr. Platt's written refutation of such charges, which was written two years ago, when there was an election pending, Mr. Platt t

GOOD WISHES FOR OLLIE.

May He Have All the Success He Deserver -That is, All He Had Last Year. One of the replies to Olile Teall's "Will You Help?" circulars was of a nature to disappoint that ardent young man. Still, it was better than no reply at all. This is the fourth year that Ollie has been beseeching help in this way, as well as contributions on the installment plan under the guise of hiring substitutes. It is getting to be a chestnut, and thousands of his notices elicit not the slightest response. The response that was little less disappointing than none was:

disappointing than none was:

Dran Sir: I have the honor was:

Dran Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the recipit of your pathetic appeal of the 16th inst. I can on suppress the feeling of numiliation that I should be invited to such a work. Still, as your communication addressed to me seems to assume the need of watchin Republicans at the polls, in which I fully concur, per haps you will permit makindly to suggest, upon the theory that it is best to set a fleet to catch a liquid cans arrow the superior of the conception of the condense of anticipation of that melancholy even truly yours.

O. 8. Trait, Esq. Truly yours.
O. S. TEALL, Esq.

Parader Go: a Watch; Fassett Lost a Vote. Julius Strauss, a barber at the Hotel Albert, was the subject of a strange change of political faith last week. It all occurred this way. Mr. Strauss stepped out in front of his parlors the other night about 9:30 o'clock to take in his other night about 9:30 o'clock to take in his sign. At that particular moment it happened that the Ninth district Republicans were marching up University place led by a band that was making an awful racket. To Mr. Strauss's utter dismay a gentleman stepped out from the ranks and seized the rotund little harner's \$50 gold watch. While the band played on and the teraders looked on without apparent interest, Mr. Strauss wrestled with the Hepublican, but in an unlucky moment lousened his hold and the thief escaped. Mr. Strauss was beside himself with rage and declared that "Republicans were all dieves. He was going to vote for Vassett, but now he be dem'd if he'd vote for one of the lot." He's hunting for the Republican now, and has reported his loss to the police.

New Palace Cars. The new Wegner palace drawing room, alceping, din-tug, and buffel care just placed in service on the New York Central are unsurpassed in elegance or comforta-ble appointments.—44. RIDICULOUS DAVENPORT

REPUBLICAN BOSS M'KANE BAILS OUT THE CHIEF PRISONER.

Judge McAdam Contemplating Proceed to Punish Johnny-Trying to Conz a Prin-oner to Confess-Only Four Arrests. With the four arrests made on Friday and Saturday of men accused of being concerned in illegal naturalizations Davenport retires, apparently, from the field. No more warrants were out yesterday. Davenport feels that he has rather made a mess of things. He has never before bagged so few birds after boast-ing so much, while he has made himself ridioulous, and, it is believed, liable to punishment by his absurd attack on Judge McAdam, base as it was on certificates of citizenship made out by Judge Dugro.

Max Sanaftmann, who Davenport said was

as inspector in the Public Works Department and (presumably) a Tammany man, gave ball day, and his bondsman was-John Y. Mc-Kane, the Chief of Police and Boss of Coney Island! Boss Kane is supporting Boss Platt's man Fassett. The sum for which Boss McKane made himself liable is \$0,000.

While the result of Sanaftmann's arrest makes Davenport rather ridiculous, the story told by one of his other prisoners makes him something worse as well. Vittorio Orzillo, the Italian who is accused of securing fraudulent certificates for two of Davenport's dummies, says that he was not allowed to see counsel until more than twenty-four hours after his arrest on reaching Ludlow street jail. During that time, according to his story, he was alternately threatened or cajoled to induce him to confess his guilt and involve others in his confession. Immunity was promised him if he would name a specified number of confederates. Davenport personally tried to get him thus to furnish material for other arrosts. All he wanted to eat, drink, and smoke was given him while those endeavors were being made to entraphim into manufacturing evidence for Davenport. He resisted both the threats and the coaxing, insisting that he was innocent and consequently had no confederates. Kane, the Chief of Police and Boss of Coney

he was innocent and consequently had no confederates.

His counsel, Frank J. Keller, will apply for a writ of habeas corpus before some United States Judge to-morrow, asking for the release of Orzillo, on the ground that there is no evidence whatever to hold him.

Judge McAdam is consulting authorities in order to find law to punish Davenport for his slanders. He is inclined to think that Davenport has been guilty of contempt of court, and a pursuing his investigations on those lines. If there be law providing punishment to fit the crime he expects to find it.

FASSETT AGAINST NEW YORK.

He has Told One Truth Among Many Un-truths About the World's Fair Vote,

"I see that Mr. Fassett credits the Republi-Representatives with voting to have the Fair in New York city," said Congressman Cummings at Democratic headquarters yesterday.
"He is right for once. They did do so under the leadership of James J. Belden. And if Mr. Fassett had listened to Mr. Belden when the atter and his colleagues telegraphed to Fassett at Albany to put through the \$10,000,000 been held in New York. But he didn't. He held the bill in hoc for over fortnight until Mr. Platt had done his work a forthight until Mr. Platt had done his work in Washington and Vedder and Erwin had apparently made their deal in real estate in Chicago. Now, Platt was in Washington either in the interest of New York or against it. If the former, the vote for New York indicates that he had great influence with the Democrats and very little with the Republicans. Here is another object lesson, taken from the Congressional Record of Feb. 24, 1890:

Brotnef Object 19880B, taken 108 Congress 160 Congress 16 THE VOTE POR NEW YORK.

George D. Wiss. Va.—71.

"Only fifteen Southern Democrats voted for Chicago," continued Mr. Cummings, "although the majority of the Southern States are nearer Chicago than they are to New York. Mr. Platt's Republican friends from Pennsylvania and New England cast twenty-three votes for Chicago, and all of them lived within eight hours' ride of our city. But Mr. Fassett says that the Fair is a dead issue. The people will determine that in November. Platt rule and Fassettism may then prove the dead issue."

The 70th Anniversary of Their Marriage

New Haven, Oct. 24.-George and Ruth Bartlett were married in Guilford seventy years ago to-day. This evening they are celebratago to-day. This evening they are celebrating their wedding anniversary with their son. Horace Bartlett, of 240 Franklin street. The groom is 93 years of age and the bride 90. Mr. Bartlett's faculties are all sound with the exception of his hearing, and he does a man's work daily on his little farm in Guilford. Ho never has had a headache nor toothache or illness of any kind. Mrs. Bartlett, although not as strong as her husband, retains her faculties very well. Of ten children, five survive. They are Horace E. Bartlett of this city. Richard Bartlett, Mrs. Sarsh J. Parker, and Mrs. Dr. N. G. Hall of Guilford, and Mrs. Truman H. Judson of Woodbury. There are three great-grand-children residing with their widowed mother in Dakots.

Good Values in Goods Every Housekeeper

With the advent of cooler weather up go the por-tieres and heavy hangings, and the housekeeper lack-ing the commodity, makes haste to secure them. One satabilahmant which can be recommended for the purpose is that of S. Bolton & Co., Sixth avenue and Twee pose is that of S. Botton 2 Co., Sixto avenue and Twen-ty-second street. They show an especially large stock of the medium grades, jute velours of domestic manu-facture, self-colored and heavily fringed; French velours, reversible, in plain colors, with Renaissance borders; Sheila weaves, in Louis XVI designs mo-quette colorings, fringed top and bottem, and a large quette colorings, fringed top and bottem, and a large assortment of chenilles in every possible tint, represent undoubted bargains. Other features in the upholatery department should have special mention, such as Brus-sels hand-made lace curtains, others of Irish point, Cluny antiques, and Nottinghams. Scotch Holland shades in all the new colors attract a host of buyers. Space will not permit an enumeration of all the ad-vantageous features existing in other departments. the cloaks and the millinery, however, must be singled out as presenting extraordinary inducements. A full line of jackets fur-trimmed, is a specialty. The prices are certainly low. Handsome capes and cloaks abound. One model of tan cheviot is a Newmarket and cape cloak model of tan cheviot is a Newmarket and cape cloak combined, but either can be worn independent of the other. A beautiful cape cloak is of gray Bedford cord, embroidered at intervals with jet nail heads and pendants of jet and gold beads. A novel feature is a simulated pointed hood with a centre of strands of jet and gold, surrounded with small black catrich tips. The entire cloak is bordered with ostrich tips the same size.

Great improvement is noticed in the millinery described. A very large space is given to it and the Great improvement is noticed in the millinery de-partment. A very large space is given to it, and the assortment of both trimmed and autrimmed hats and bonnets of feathers, flowers, and ribbons is much larger than heretofore, including many imported models in the trimmed variety of head gear. A lovely gray walking hat, alpine in formation, is an example of refined tests, trimmed as it is with soft gray valves, and the breast and wings of a rife bird.—dds.

MRA. HOWR FOUND THE MONKY. Tired of Promoting, and Sning the Roy. C. P. McCarthy for a Loan.

The Tingley Health Lift Company was organized some time last spring by three individuals of distinct temperaments. First there was the originator, the Rev. Dr. Charles P. McCarthy, who "has devoted thirty years to the study of meamerism, yelept hypnotism, and has cured cases of epilepsy, paralysis, chores, tie douloureux, chlorosis, somnambulism, consumption, palsy, stuttering," and even worse. He was the head of the scheme and furnished the experience necessary to the success of such an undertaking. Then there were Mr. and Mrs Tingley, spiritualistic mediums, believers in McCarthy's powers, and neighbors of Mrs. Hows. They furnished the labor. Lastly comes poor Margaret Hows, a thrifty,"hardworking widow woman who's sick 'n' tired of that meamering trash, 'n' 'd jest like t' get a good hold on that Mister McCarthy's beard."

Mrs. Howe furnished the money, Mrs. Howe keeps a bakery and a restaurant at 156 Sixth avenue. On the first floor above her lived the Tingleys. One day last year th Tingleys had a visitor whom Mrs. Howe hadn't seen before. He was a small, stout man, with a bald-head and a grayish beard. Mrs. Howe was called in and introduced to the "Rev. Dr. McCarthy, my dear Mrs. Howe, the famous mesmerist, hypnotizer, and psychologist."

she courtesied before the distinguished visitor The mesmerist came at once to business. He unfolded to Mrs. Howe a dazzling scheme for the manufacture of a health lift chair for invalids, supplemented by hypnotic scances, lectures on "psychodromedary" (that is how Mrs. Howe remembers it), and various other occult exhibitions. Only one thing was lacking to make the whole business a complete success and enable them all, after a year or two, to live on their incomes. Money—a more trifle of a couple of thousands—could Mrs. Howe spare them?

Mrs. Howe says she gave her check for the money, and after a few days the Tingley Health Lift Company was organized. The Professor, as Mr. McCarthy began to call himself, used to drop into Mrs. Howe's restaurant about dinner time with great regutarity, and devour a surprising lot of food. The Professor never paid. Mrs. Howe said one day that her son. William, wasn't getting on well at achool.

"My doar madam," said the Professor, "nothing would give me greater pleasure than to teach the boy myself. So it came about that Willie got a private tutor for \$5 a week. After that the Professor ate his meals at Mrs. Howe's with even greater regularity, and, as she says, took food home to his wife and chilunfolded to Mrs. Howe a dazzling scheme for

Howe's with even greater regularity, and, as she says, took food home to his wife and children. Then, she says, he began to borrow small sums of money to prevent his being evicted for non-payment of rent. On New Yonr's Day he wrote her a letter, in which he said:

Regarding Willie's education, he wrote:

pendi or his watch.

After a while Mrs. Howe asked to have some of the money back, but she says she never got any. She became very suspicious of the Professor, and as she grew tired of iending him money and supporting the Tingley Health Lift, a coolness sprang up between them. Mrs. Howe has brought suit against the Professor for \$28, which she lent him at one time. The case comes up in the First District Court to-morrow morning.

A POLICEMAN BURGLAR.

Adolph Bird Robbing Houses that it Was

Adolph Bird, a uniformed special policeman. who has been for three years in the employ-ment of the Brooklyn District Telegraph Company, is in Raymond street jail on a charge of bush and Sixth avenue station of the comthe Bergen street police station. His duty principally has been to answer alarm calls and keep guard over vacant houses. During the past year there have been several mysterious supervision, but his explanations of how he factory to Detective Sergeant Reynolds that the latter told Capt. Early that Bird would bear watching. So for several months Bird has been more or less under detective super-

On Friday afternoon, while Reynolds was looking for some missing clothing in a Bowery pawnshop. Bird entered with a bundle under his arm. The color came to his face when he saw Reynolds, and turning to the nawnbroker. he inquired if he had any revolvers for sale.

saw Reynolds, and turning to the pawnbroker, he inquired if he had any revolvers for sale. Some revolvers were taken from a drawer. Reynolds slipped out when Bird began to examine them, and took cover in a house on the opposite side of the street. When Bird came out without the bundle and started for Brooklyn, Heynolds returned to the pawnshop and found that Bird, instead of buying a revolver, had pawned the contents of the bundle, consisting of several articles of silverware, valued at about \$100.

Reynolds felt confident that the silver had been stolen, probably from some house in his own precinct, and he hurried back to Brooklyn as quickly as possible. He had not been five minutes in the station when the Sergeant in charge called him to the desk and notified him that several articles of silverware had been stolen from the house of Percy G. Williams, a well-known amsteur actor, at 20 Eighth avenue, two doors from the residence of Mayor Chapin, and directly opposite the Montauk Club house. From the description of the stolen silverware Reynolds at once recognized it as that which had been pawned by Bird. He consulted with the Captain, and it was agreed that Bird should be arrested yesterday morning. Mr. Williams and his family have been absent from the city for some time, and the house had been entered by opening the front door. Yesterday morning Reynolds came over to the Bowery pawnshop for the stolen articles, and was surprised to find that bird had called there alsend of him and redeemed them. Bird had evidently concluded that he was suspected, and had removed the articles, so as to render his conviction, if arrested, a matter of more difficulty. Reynolds came over to the Bowery pawnshop for the doministing the rested him at 10 o'clock, as he was on his way to the District Telegraph office with his little boy, who is a messenger.

At the station Bird confessed that he had committed the robbery. He entered the house, he said, with a skeleton key. It is said he made ofher admissi nos incupating himself in othe

Bids Under the Postal Ald Bill.

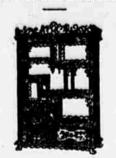
WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.-The bids for contracts under the Postal Aid bill will be personally opened by the Postmaster-General, in his office, at 3 P. M. on Monday. Bidders, newspaper men, and the public may attend if they desire, and bids will be publicly read. It has been decided to accept as sureties on bonds and contracts the surety and trust companies of undoubted standing. It is not necessary for any other than accepted bidders to submit plans of vessels to the Navy Department. All the trans-Atlantic and trans-Pacific ships will be scapost offices. Applications for cadetablps of apprentice appointments are made to the steamship companies, and not to the Post Office Department. There will be eight cadets on the first-class ships, five on the second-class, three on the third-class ships, and two on the fourth-class ships. While the advertisement contains fifty-three forms of bids, it is not the intention to award contracts to more than one line for any one route, providing the proposal offers the full service required. been decided to accept as sureties on bonds

An Heir to \$500,000 Hurled Like a Pauper. NORWALK. Oct. 24. - Filips Gutierrez. the young Cuban student at Wilton, Conn., who eccidentally killed himself on Tuesday evening while returning from a hunting excursion was buried to-day under rather distressing was buried to-day under rather distressing circumstances. Gutterrez's parents are dead, and neither relative nor intimate friend accompanied the remains to their last resting place. Although he would have in two years come into a fortune of \$500,000, his body, dressed in common ciothing, was placed in a cheap rough casket. The undertaker went to New York yesterday, but the bankers who have charge of the dead man's funds woreaway, and no one with authority to do anything in the matter of burial could be found.

877, 879 BROADWAY,

CHINESE CARVED

TEAKWOOD FURNITURE.



WE OFFER THIS WEEK 20 RED OR BLACE

CABINETS,

OBLONG, OVAL, BOUND, AND SQUARE

TABLES, LONG SEATS.

FINE CLOISONNE. LARGE AND SMALL SPECIMENS. newly arrived from Japan.

DRAPERY SILKS.

In all destrable colors.

PLAIN AND FIGURED. Gold Printed Pongees. GOWNS, AND JACKETS. SOFA, CHAIR, DIVAN, AND PLOOR

CUSHIONS.

THE ITATA TRIAL BEGUN.

The Arms for the Chillan Insurgents Wer-Purchased In New York.

Los ANGELES, Oct. 24.—In the trial of Richard Trumbull, George Bert, and Capt. James Farrell, charged with violating the neutrality laws of the United States in loading the steamer Itata with arms for Chili. J. J. Fowler of the firm of Grace & Co., New York, testified yesterday that Trumbull called upon him last March and said that his object was to purchase arms and ammuni-tion. The witness introduced him to W. W. Reynolds of the New York firm of Hartley, Graham & Co. Reynolds testified that Trumbull purchased from him 3,000 Remington rifles, 2,000 Lee rifles, and 2,000,000 rounds of cartridges, paying therefor \$80,000. arms and ammunition were shipped to Oakland, and were consigned to some foreign nation. The witness did not remember what

nation. The witness did not remember what nation.
United States Marshal Gard testified concerning the seizure of the Itata, and after the Government counsel had said that the Government did not intend to prosecute the case against Capt. Farrell of the schooner Robert and Minnie, Farrell testified to shipment at Oakland of several cases of freight which were afterward transferred by the schooner to the Itata outside of San Diego harbor.
Two of the crew of the Itata who deserted the vessel at San Diego testified that the vessel had four guns on board and fifty Chilian soldiers, who had doffed their uniforms before the vessel reached the coast of California.

The Ulster County Savings Institution KINGSTON, Oct. 24.-Superintendent of Bank-

ing Charles M. Preston has issued a statement regarding the Ulster County Savings Institu tion. The plan proposed is to induce depos itors to leave their money for two years with out interest, and at the end of that time get it n full, while those who draw out their deposits will have them scaled down 15 per cent. Superintendent Preston, in his statement,

Superintendent Preston, in his statement, says:

While the deficiency is larger than the amount first reported in the newspapers, nevertheless I am confident, from the examination thus far made, that with the cooperation of the depositors and citizens, the hank can resume the transaction of business within the next few days. I think I may say with reasonable certainty that the present assets of the bank are capable of paying at least 85 per cent. of the deposits, provided the bank can have a reasonable time in which to bring it about and that ultimately the present depositors may be paid in full. This estimate is made with due allowance for the shrinkage of any of the assets."

Starving Chinamen Auxious to Cross th Border.

CHICAGO, Oct 24.-Treasury Agent Scanlan o-day says he has received advices from his inspectors now watching the Canadian border o the effect that there are 10,000 Chinamen in Vancouver and along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway who are suffering for want of Pacific Railway who are suffering for want of food. "Chinamen in unprecedented numbers are being landed at Vancouver," said Mr. Scanlan. "and they are unable to obtain employment or food. The vast number of arrivals. I believe, is the result of a notice spread among the Chinese by an influential Chinaman who returned home, that it is very easy to get into the United States. I believe also the Canadian Government is assisting them into the country in order to get the \$50 per head they are compelled to pay."

Was the Judge Approached with a Bribe Madison, Wis., Oct. 24.-A sensation was created here to-day by the announcement by ludge Siebecker that he would not try the interest suits against the State Treasurers for reasons which he refuses to make public. The inference is that the Judge has been ap-The inference is that the Judge has been approached, but whether in the way of a bribe or through political channels is a matter of speculation. Attorney-General O'Connor is dumfounded, and is loud in his denunciation of the persons who have made it impossible for an upright Judge to try the treasury suit. Judge Slebecker says that, if he made known at this time his reasons for withdrawing, it would be impossible to get a fair and impartial trial of the cases in the State of Wisconsin. He promises developments hereafter.

Schooner Edith T. Gandy Su

Wood's Holl. Mass., Oct. 24.—The three-nasted schooner Edith T. Gandy sunk off Handkerchief Shoal at 7 o'clock yesterday morning. Capt. Gandy and the crew of four men were taken off by the Monomy life-saving boat at 6:30 P. M., and both crews taken on board Mr. John M. Forbes's steam yacht Wild Duck, which took the life-saving crew to Harwichport and brought the Gandy's crew to Wood's Holl, arriving at 11:30 this morning. The Gandy is doubtless the vessel reported with crew in the rigging yesterday.

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They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, In-digestion, and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tor gue, Pain in the Side

They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constina tion. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated. Beware of Imitations and Ask for CARTER'S and see you got 0-A-R-T-E-R-'8.

THE ROUND LAKE KIDNAPPING.

Barnes's Son Says He Has No Donbithe (hild was Taken by His Father, Frank A. Barnes, the son of Dr. C. A. Barnes, whose 16-months-old daughter was kidnapped from its mother at Bound Lake on Thursday last, said yesterday he had no doubt the child had been taken by his and its father. know." he said, "that he has been pottering around up there since last July to get posses sion of it, and to effect a reconciliation with his wife. Why shouldn't he have the child? It's his, and she deserted him and took it

away with her."

Mrs. Barnes is Dr. C. A. Barnes's second wife. She is the daughter of the Rev. J. C. Fenton of Round Lake. According to F. A. Fenton of Bound Lake. According to F. A. Barnes, the couple thought a great deal of each other, and there was no sign of trouble until Mrs. Barnes went away.

"They had a quarrel, perhaps," he said, but nothing serious. She loved my father, I know. The story that she has begun proceedings for divorce is false, I am sure. I went up to Round Lake a week ago Saturday to see her, and I had a long talk with her and asked her to see my father or his lawyer and try to patch up some sort of a reconciliation. She told me that she was sick, but that just as soon as she was well enough she would. This information I conveyed to my father. I suppose she didn't keep her promise, and now father has got the child. She never permitted Mr. Barnes to see the child, and some time ago he got a mandamus to compel her to let him see it. I don't think the case has been up in court yet."

got a mandamus to compenent to the line out yet."

Mr. Barnes said he had no idea where his father was, or where he had taken the child. He wanted, in addition, to deny the story that he himself had not been at his store on Tuesday and Wednesday, as was stated in the published stories. He had been at his store in Brooklyn every day, he said, and wasn't anywhere near Saratoga or Round Lake when the child was taken.

Saratoga, Oct. 24.—The sixtsen-months-old Barnes baby, stolen from the Rev. Mr. Fenton's cottage at Round Lake on Thursday night, has not yet been recovered, nor has any clue been found to its whereabouts. The yeneral old not himself steal the child, but that the kidnapping was done by persons acquainted with the premises, and that there is a woman in the case. Dr. Barnes was in Bound Lake last Saturday, and was seen in confidential conversation with two women who live there. Suspicion of complicity rests upon these women. Their houses have been searched, and they are closely watched.

ANOTHER BROOKLYN FIREBUG. Twenty-one-year-old John McGowan an Im-liator of Young Hugh Miller.

Fire was discovered early vesterday morning in the three-story frame tenement, 2 Phillips alley, in Brooklyn, occupied by seven or eight families. William Tracey, a tenant on the second floor, on looking down saw a strange man standing at the foot of the stairway close to the spot where the fire had started and making no efforts to extinguish the flames. asked him why he was not trying to put out

"I'm a watchman, like yourself," the man replied, and, breaking away from Tracey, ran to the street and disappeared. A few pails of water extinguished the fire. The fire was clearly incendiary. Kerosene oil had been sprinkled in the hallway and stairs. The stranger seen in the hall was captured two hours later by Policeman Haines. He is John McGowan. aged 21, of 219 York street. Haines found him joitering around a frame stable at 32 and 34 John street, where a fire had also been started by putting some burning shavings under the door. This fire was put out by a sailor, who happened to be passing, and it was he who called the policeman's attention to McGowan. The prisoner coolly admitted that he had started both fires.

"It was only as a joke," he said. "I didn't intend to let the fires spread. I wanted to have some fun seeing the people get out."

Capt. Eason has for some time suspected McGowan of being an imitator of firebug Hugh Miller, who kept the lower part of the city in a state of terror for several weeks a few months ago, and who is now in the Elmira Reformatory, and he had him arrested a couple of weeks ago. McGowan, however, was discharged then, the evidence not being sufficient to hold him. It is now believed that he started all the recent incendiary fires in the Second and Fifth wards. He has been held for examination. clearly incendiary. Kerosene oil had been

A New Dutch Beformed Church.

The laying of the corner stone of the Collegistreet and West End avenue, took place yesterday afternoon. The officiating ministers were the Rev. Dr. Thomas C. Vermilye, the Rev. Dr. Talbot W. Chambers, the Rev. Dr. Edward B. Coe, and the Rev. Dr. David James Burrell. Dr. Chambers presided. The services were ac-

Dr. Chambers presided. The services were according to the liturgy of the Reformed Church. They were followed by an address by the Rev. Dr. Edward B. Coe.

The church is to be a very handsome edifice of old gold brick, with terra cotta trimmings. The architecture is of the old Dutch style. The building was designed by R. W. Gibson. The frontage on West End avenue is 100 feet and on Seventy-seventh street 175 feet, including chapel and school rooms, which are separated from the main building of the separated from the main building of the church. The school will have a gymnasium on the top floor and a school for manual training in the basement. There will also be a ladies parlor, committee rooms, &c. Norcross & Co. are the builders.

Arranged With Van Sicien for a Loan,

J. G. Goldsmith brought an action in the Supreme Court against the Holland Trust Company to recover \$16,000 damages because of the failure of the defendant to make a promised loan of \$50,000 to the plaintiff. It appeared that in September, 1889, Mr. Goldsmith nade arrangements for the loan through Lawyer George W. Van Sicien, then Secretary of the company. He says he was to pay six per cent, interest and to pay van Sicien \$500. The loan was to be a demand loan. He alleged that before the arrangements were completed Van Sicien demanded \$500 more, which he declined Judge Truax has decided against the plain-tiff on the ground that no damage has been shown. As the loan was a demand one the company could have required its money back immediately after the loan was made.

Two Accidents to the Same Train.

WINSTED, Conn., Oct. 24 .- A freight train on the Central New England Railroad collider with a passenger train at Norfolk at 6 o'clock with a passenger train at Norfolk at 6 o'clock this morning. Two freight cars were smashed and traffic stopped for four hours. When the same freight train, at 10 o'clock, reached Win-sted it ran off the track, the engine and ten-der were buried in the mud the track was torn up, and other damage done. All traffic was again suspended. A large force is now at work clearing up and relaying the track.

Boys Accused of Crucifying a Cat. KALAMAZOO, Oct. 24.-Two lads named Collins and Pfeiffer have been accused by the Rev. Frank A. O'Brien of St. Augustine's Charles, or crucifying a cat. The boys will not confess, and their parents, who believe them innocent, have withdrawn them from the Catholic parochial School. The boys were playing "Oberammergau," and nailed the feet of the cat to a cross. The tail, interfering, was cut off, and then nailed on. Frank A. O'Brien of St. Augustine's Church of

The Proposed Cable to Hawatt.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.-The United States Fish Commissioners' steamer Albatross, which has been taking soundings in connection with the laying of the proposed cable between the United States and Hawaiian Islands, returned here this morning. Silinas landing, in Monte-rey Bay, is regarded as the most suitable land-ing place for the Unit-d States end of the cable.

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EIGHT YEARS FOR MRS. PITESIMMONS. The Wife of the Escaped Murderer Sen

tenced for Complicity in His Orime. Privanuage, Oct. 24. - Mrs. Lucy R. Fitasimmons, wife of the celebrated jail breaker, and who was recently convicted of murder in the second degree, was sentenced to-day to eight years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. De-

years' imprisonment in the penitentiars. Detective Dilkinson was killed in her presence while attempting to arrest her husband. Husband and wife resisted arrest. Fitzalmons secaped in time to avoid trial and is still at large. The defence was that they were resisting an assault. When asked it she had anything to say, Mrs. Fitzsimmons replied: "I am innocent of this crime, as God is my witness. I never knew that these men were coming, or what they were there for." After the sentence was passed she added: "My husband is free, and may he have sense enough to stay free, and not write any more letters." Her last words were curses upon the Court.

NO FELLOWSHIP WITH A. G. A. R. MAN.

Au Episode in the General Conference of the Wesleyan Methodist Church. GRAND RAPIDS, Oct. 24.—The thirteenth Quadriennial General Conference of the Wesleyan Methodists of the United States is in session in this city. Among the delegates was G. R. Riiev of Marion. He was introduced to the Pres-ident and extended his hand in fellowship. The President declined to take the hand be-cause Riley had joined the Grand Army of the Ropublic. To join a secret society of any kind is a sin in the eyes of this Church. A lively dis-cussion ensued, and it finally resulted in Riley being turned out. Then a resolution was adopted condemning secret societies, includ-ing the G. A. B.

Fled Punishment as a Thief to Become a

Bigamist. PERRY, N. Y., Oct. 24.-Four years ago John B. Higgins, son of Rollin Higgins, a leading citizen of this place, was indicted on a charge of larceny, he having been arrested for stealing property from the residence of a neighbor. Young Higgins was married and had two children, his wife being the daughter of a prominent physician of the county. Higgins disappeared on hearing of his indictment, and no trace of him was ever found. A few days ago a young woman with a year-old child appeared in Perry, and going to the residence of Rollin Higgins, said she had married John B. Higgins, his son, two years ago in Boston. Eriscounty, and had just learned that he was already married and was a fugitive from justice. She produced her marriage certificate, and her story was investigated and found to be true. Higgins was arrested in Boston on Thursday, and is now in jail in Warsaw. Boston, where Higgins fled to to escape arrest under his indictment, and where he became a higamist as well as a thief, is only forty miles from Perry, stealing property from the residence of a

Indicting Hotel Keepers at the Close of the BANGOR, Oct. 24.-All last summer liquor lowed freely in Bar Harbor, where previously there had been vigorous attempts to enforce the prohibitory law, but it was hinted meantime that those who danced would have to pay
the fiddler later. Now comes the fiddler—the
Hancock county Grand Jury, with no less than
fifty-nine indictments against the hotel proprietors and saloon keepers of the place for
violation of the law, and there is a great hubbub among those who are on the list. There
are three indictments, as a rule, against each
dealer, one for emmon seller, for which the
penalty is \$100 and costs; one for maintaining
a liquor nuisance, for which the fine is from
\$100 to \$1,000, and one for keeping a tippling
shop, for which the penalty is a fine of \$100
and costs and sixty days in jail. The fines
don't frighten the liquor dealers in the least,
for they have made money, but the jail sentence makes them shaky. the prohibitory law, but it was hinted mean-

Drew His Pension, Went on a Spree, and Was Drewned.

CORTLAND, Oct. 24.-Horace Williams, a well-known farmer of Groton, drew a penaton of \$60 on Thursday, and, with John Dobbins of Homer, started on a spree. They were last of Homer, started on a spree. They were last seen at McLean, under the influence of liquor. Yesterday the body of Williams was found floating in the creek at Lafayette Mills. Tompins county. His horse and waron were found on the roadway, a quarter of a mile away. Two empty whiskey bottles were found in the wagon. Dobbins has not been seen since and foul play is suspected. The Coroner is making an investigation.

New York Banker's Wife Shoots a Deer BANGOB, Oct. 24.-It isn't often that a New York society woman shoots a deer in the Maine woods, but Mrs. Buxton, wife of W. H. Buxton, a banker of that city, has accomplished the feat. Mr. Buxton and party have been enjoying autumn sport in the northern while feat meeks, and on Thursday, while near Moluncus Lake, ran across a fine deer. Mrs. Buxton had lirst chance at the game and dropped it with one shot.

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